

The Industrial Revolution (part I)

NEW PAGE NUMBERS: By Monday read packet pp. 759-768

<p style="text-align: center;">Key Terms</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> industrialization James Watt the factory system Luddites interchangeable parts the assembly line corporation monopoly cartel </p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Chapter Overview</p> <p>Industrialization was essential to the making of the modern world. It altered demographic patterns, promoted imperialism, and led Europe into World War I. Industrialization also had profound impacts the economy, society, and culture of Western Europe, the United States and Japan.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Answers to In Depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">None</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">CollegeBoard Objectives</p> <p>Students should know the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • changes in global commerce, communications, and technology (e.g. the Industrial Revolution & its effects) • demographic changes in the West (e.g. demographic transition) • changes in social and gender structure resulting from the Industrial Revolution • political changes in Western Europe and North America during the 19th century • causes and early phases of the Industrial Revolution in Western Europe and Japan
<p style="text-align: center;">Document Analysis</p> <p style="text-align: center;">None</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Chapter Questions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Why did the Industrial Revolution begin in England? 2. What role did technology play in the origins of industrialization? 3. Explain the factory system. How did the factory system affect working conditions? How did workers respond? 4. Summarize the spread of industrialization to Western Europe and North America.
	<p style="text-align: center;">Questions from Reading</p>